



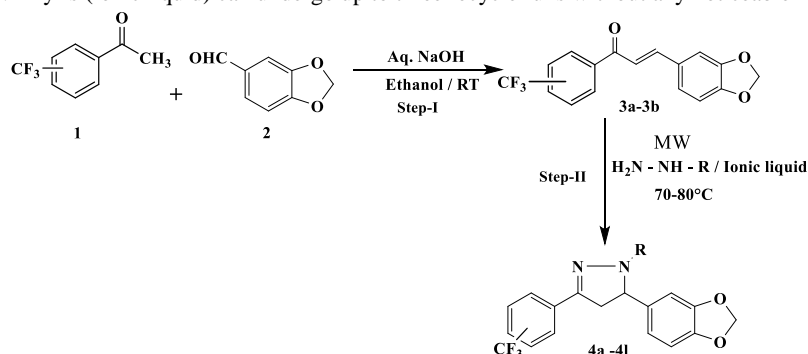
GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT

Paper-1	Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 465-470
Enantiospecific Synthesis of (-) (2<i>S</i>, 3<i>S</i>)-2-Amino-3,4-hydroxybutyric Acid from β-Lactam Ram Naresh Yadav¹ and Bimal Krishna Banik^{*2} ¹ Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Engineering & Technology, VBS Purvanchal University, Jaunpur -222003; ² Department of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, College of Sciences and Human Studies, Prince Mohammad Bin Fahd University, Al Khobar, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia; Email: bimalbanik10@gmail.com We report the synthesis of unnatural isomers of (-) (2 <i>S</i> , 3 <i>S</i>)-2-amino-3,4-hydroxybutyric acid featuring as prevalent structural motifs of polyoxins a plant-derived antibiotic based on reductive cleavage of N-(CO) bond of lactam ring as the key reaction followed by other desired chemical manipulations.	

Paper-2	Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 471-484
Physicochemical properties involved in the interaction of twenty bicyclo[4.2.1] derivatives with akt1 protein. Alvarez-Ramirez Magdalena, Rosas-Nexticapa Marcela, Cauch-Carrillo Regina, Melgarejo-Gutierrez Montserrat, Figueroa-Valverde Lauro. Laboratory of Pharmaco-Chemistry, Faculty of Chemical Biological Sciences, University Autonomous of Campeche, Av. Agustín Melgar s/n, Col Buenavista C.P. 24039 Campeche, Camp., México.	

**An efficient ionic liquid mediated microwave assisted synthesis of pyrazoles characterization and its biological properties****^aR. N. Gaikwad, ^bA. V. Sapkal, ^aB. N. Chate**^aDepartment of Chemistry, Shri VitthalRukhmaniMahavidyalaya, Sawana, Dist: Yavatmal, Maharashtra, India 445-205.^aDepartment of Chemistry, Sanjivani College, Chapoli, Dist: Latur Maharashtra, India 413-513.^bDepartment of Chemistry, PhulsingNaikMahavidyalaya, Pusad, Dist: Yavatmal, Maharashtra, India 445-216.

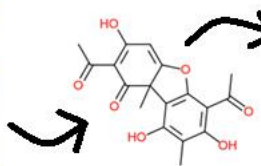
Fluorinated Pyrazoles and its derivatives have evolved as crucial scaffolds in medicinal chemistry due to their diverse biological activities, and pharmaceutical properties. The series of pyrazoles and its derivatives typically involves the cyclocondensation of hydrazine's with α , β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds under microwave irradiation in the presence of ionic liquid. The structure of the synthesized compounds was confirmed using IR, ^1H NMR, and LC-MS, and they were examined for antibacterial and antifungal activity. The major characteristics of this technique include operational simplicity, short reaction times, mild reaction conditions, and high yield. Importantly, NMPyTs (ionic liquid) can undergo up to three recycle runs without any noticeable loss of catalytic activity.

**Analysing ADME properties of usnic acid and its analogues in silico study****A.Olimathi¹, L. Akilandeswari^{1*} and P. Kalpana²**¹Department of Chemistry, Sri Sarada College for Women, Salem – 636 016, Tamilnadu, India²Department of Chemistry, K.L.E.Society's Science and Commerce College, Navi Mumbai – 410 218, Maharashtra, India*E-mail : akikarsri2008@gmail.com

Usnic acid and its derivatives from lichens possess good drug-likeness and have positive nuclear receptor interaction values which show a part in gene creation and may have an impact on reproduction and anti-carcinogenic properties.



Lichen



Usnic acid



Drug

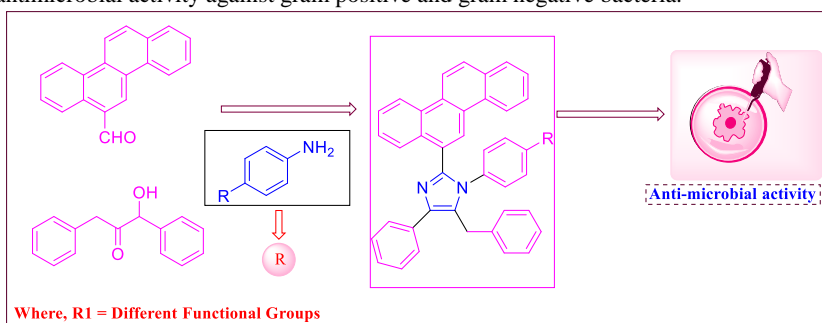
**Synthesis of polycyclic chrysene-imidazole derivatives and evaluation of their antimicrobial activity**

Alpesh T. Shiyani*, Suranjana V. Mayani*, Navnath Shinde, Dharmesh Shah.

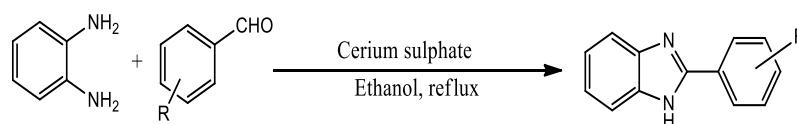
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We are interested in synthesis and developing the chemistry of Chrysene-Imidazole derivatives. For this different aromatic amine, 6-Chrysenecarboxaldehyde, Benzoin product, ammonium acetate and PEG 400 to yields the respective Chrysene-Imidazole derivatives. The structures of the synthesized compounds were confirmed by Physico-chemical test and spectral techniques, representative samples were screened for their antimicrobial activity against gram positive and gram negative bacteria.

**An efficient cerium sulphate promoted synthesis of bioactive benzimidazoles**A.V. Nakhate^a, S. V. Shinde^{b*}, R. D. Suryawanshi^c, J. S. Godse^d, R. P. Pawar^{c*}^aDepartment of Chemistry, Marathwada Institute of Technology, Aurangabad – 431010 (Maharashtra), India.^bDepartment of Chemistry, Pratibha Niketan College, Nanded – 431604 (Maharashtra), India.^cDepartment of Chemistry, Shiv Chhatrapati College, Aurangabad – 431003 (Maharashtra), India.^dDepartment of Engineering Science, Hi-Tech Institute of Technology, MIDC Waluj, Aurangabad-431136 (Maharashtra), India.Corresponding author E-mail: rppawar@yahoo.com, balashinde09@gmail.com.

A new group of modified benzimidazoles were made from o-phenylenediamine and aromatic aldehyde in ethanol at high heat with cerium sulphate (Ce(SO₄)₂) acting as a helper. It provides several advantages over existing approaches. Medicine uses benzimidazoles due to their antituberculosis, antimalarial, antihistamine, antibacterial, antiviral, antidiabetic, anticancer, antifungal, anti-inflammatory, analgesic, and anti-HIV effects. Benzimidazole molecules may have medicinal uses. Because of its pharmacophore relevance and numerous biological functions, benzimidazole synthesis must be efficient. Effective synthesis is required to create novel medications that are resistant to existing chemotherapies. Modern benzimidazole synthesis uses nano-sized metal catalysts to combine o-phenylene diamines with aldehydes without using any solvents. Cerium (III) salts improve heterocyclic structure synthesis, which fascinates chemists. It was these salts that helped make nitrogen heterocycle bonds, oxygen analogues, seven-membered rings, and mixed heterocyclic features.





Synthesis, Characterization and thermal analysis of s-triazine based novel homopolyesters

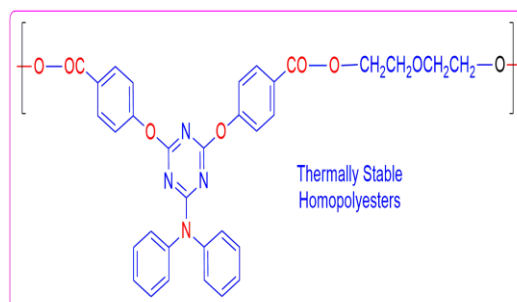
Bharati Patel^{a*} and Purvesh Shah^b

^{a*}Shri Maneklal. M. Patel Institute of Sciences and research, KSV, Gandhinagar

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The novel polyesters were synthesised by polycondensation reaction of 4,4'-((6-(diphenylamino)-s-triazine-2,4-diyl)bis(oxy))dibenzoyl chloride and various aromatic/aliphatic diols. Synthesized novel polyesters were characterized by various techniques like, solubility, density, viscosity, spectral study and thermal analysis. All the homopolyesters illustrates reasonable thermal stability, which signifies that the materials can be considered as high-performance materials. They had a reduced viscosity 0.9 - 0.1 g/dl, which points out that high molecular weight range need for excellent mechanical and thermal properties. Activation energy (E_a) is also verified from thermograms.



Identification of benzimidazole-triazole hybrids as glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase recognition through *in silico* studies

¹Uzma Khan, ²Hemlata Nimesh and ³Souvik Sur*

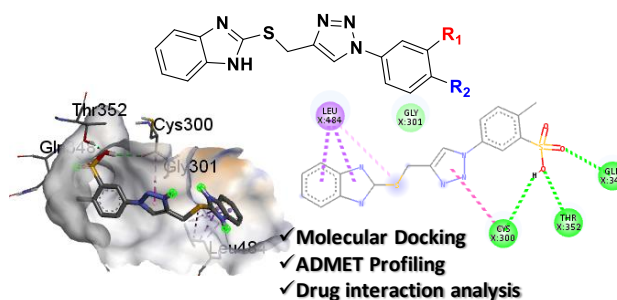
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Benzimidazole-triazole hybrids targeting Glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase

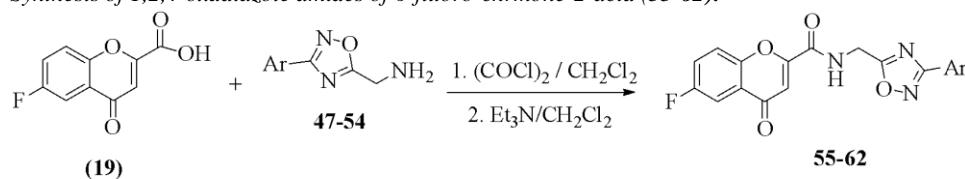




Synthesis, molecular docking and biological evaluation of 1,2,4-oxadiazole amides of chromone-2-acid and chromone-3-acid

M. Vijaya Bhargavi^{a*}, M. Sumakanth^b*E-mail: mviyabhargavi@gmail.com^{a,*} HOD, Department of Chemistry, Associate Professor, RBVRR Women's College of Pharmacy, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 500007 India^b Principal, Professor, RBVRR Women's College of Pharmacy, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 500007 India

A series of 1,2,4-oxadiazole amides of 6-Fluoro-chromone-2-acid and chromone-3-acids are synthesized from an efficient and straightforward procedure from the reaction of 6-Fluoro-chromone-2-acid and chromone-3-acid with 1,2,4-oxadiazole amines. Synthesis of 1,2,4-oxadiazole amides of 6-fluoro-chromone-2-acid (55-62):



47, 55) Ar = Benzyl

51, 59) Ar = 4-Methyl phenyl

48, 56) Ar = Phenyl

52, 60) Ar = 4- Methoxy phenyl

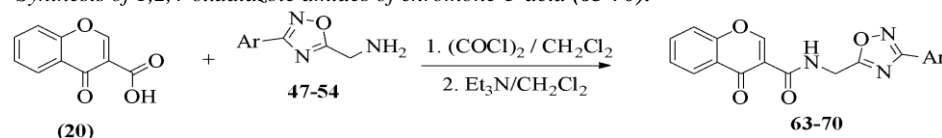
49, 57) Ar = 2-Methoxy phenyl

53, 61) Ar = 4-Fluoro phenyl

50, 58) Ar = 2-Chloro phenyl

54, 62) Ar = 4-Cyano pyridyl

Synthesis of 1,2,4-oxadiazole amides of chromone-3-acid (63-70):



47, 63) Ar = Benzyl

51, 67) Ar = 4-Methyl phenyl

48, 64) Ar = Phenyl

52, 68) Ar = 4- Methoxy phenyl

49, 65) Ar = 2-Methoxy phenyl

53, 69) Ar = 4-Fluoro phenyl

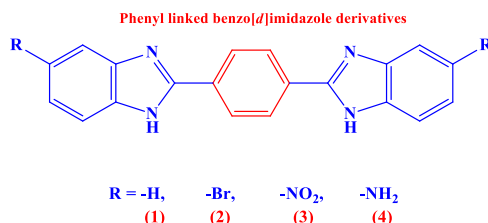
50, 66) Ar = 2-Chloro phenyl

54, 70) Ar = 4-Cyano pyridyl

Synthesis and Characterization Of Phenyl Linked Benzo[d]Imidazole Derivatives

Azam M. Shaikh*

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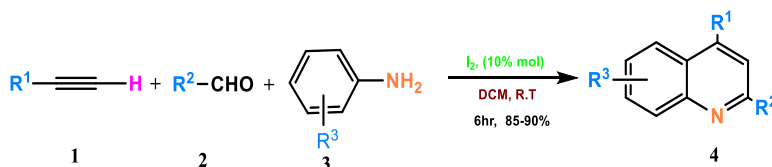
Paper-11

Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 577-583

Iodine Catalysed Synthesis of Quinoline Frameworks Via Tandem Cyclization

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-catalyzed three component tandem cyclization reactions of aldehydes, terminal alkynes, and primary amines have been developed. The processes can provide a diverse range of quinoline derivatives in good yields from simple starting materials



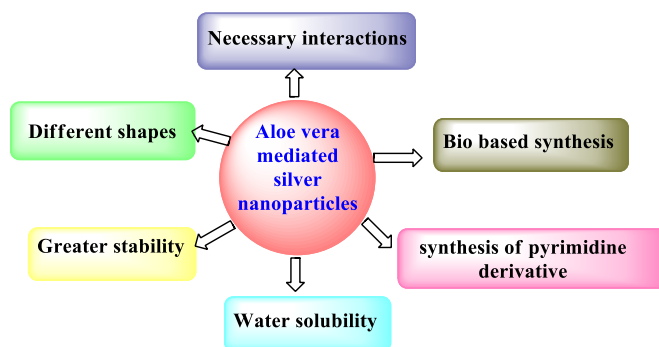
Paper-12

Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 585-591

Potential of aloe vera mediated silver nanoparticles in the synthesis of pyrimidine derivative and investigating the green chemistry metrics

Jai Shri Kaur, Preeti Singh *

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Characterization, multicomponent synthesis, and antimicrobial evaluation of new pyrrolo [2, 3-d]-pyrimidine derivatives with hydrazone moiety

Shrinath Kusalkar¹, Mahesh More², Amol Sangale³, Parasnath Bele^{4*}

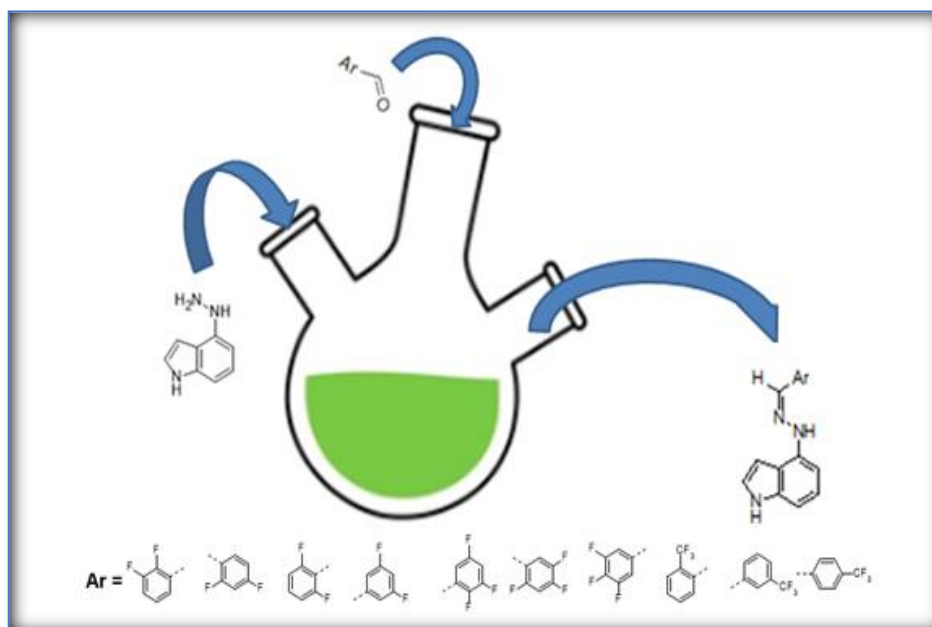
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The novel compound pyrrolo [2, 3-d], a series of pyrimidine derivatives (**2a-i**) containing a physiologically active hydrazone moiety was produced and subsequently evaluated for their antibacterial efficacy. The assignment of structures for the synthesized compounds is determined through the utilization of various analytical techniques, including infrared spectroscopy (IR), proton nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy (¹H NMR), and mass spectrometry (MS). The synthesized compounds exhibited antibacterial and antifungal properties, as evidenced by their minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) values ranging from 50–250 µg/mL. The species that exhibited the highest level of resistance were *Escherichia coli* (MCC 2412), *Staphylococcus aureus* (MCC 2408), *Bacillus subtilis* (MCC 2010), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (MCC 2080), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (MCC 1033), and *Candida albicans* (MCC 1439). The antimicrobial screening results indicate that all the compounds examined had substantial activity, with several compounds demonstrating greater efficacy compared to the reference drugs employed (ciprofloxacin and fluconazole).





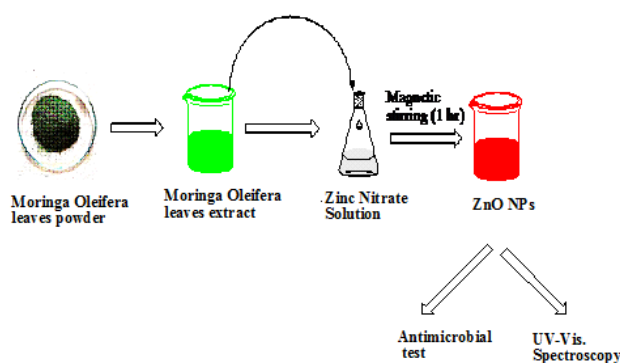
Paper-14

Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 605-609

Biomedical applications of zinc oxide nanoparticles from moringa oleifera (drumstick) leaves extractS. D. Chavan^{a*}; R. D. More^b; S. P. Moharir^c^{a*}-Siddharth Arts, Commerce and Science College, Jafrabad-431206, Dist. Jalna, Maharashtra^b-Siddharth Arts, Commerce and Science College, Jafrabad-431206, Dist. Jalna, Maharashtra.^c-Siddharth Arts, Commerce and Science College, Jafrabad-431206, Dist. Jalna, Maharashtra

*E-mail: gaurisunil005@gmail.com

The current study investigated the synthesis and characterization of Zinc oxide Nanoparticles (ZnONPs) from *Moringa oleifera* (Drumstick) leaves extract to investigate the, antimicrobial, potential of *Moringa oleifera*. The antimicrobial activity of green synthesis ZnO nanoparticle (ZnO NPs) was measured against gram-positive *S.aureus* and gram-negative *E.Coli*. The synthesized ZnO nanoparticles were characterized by UV-Visible.



Paper-15

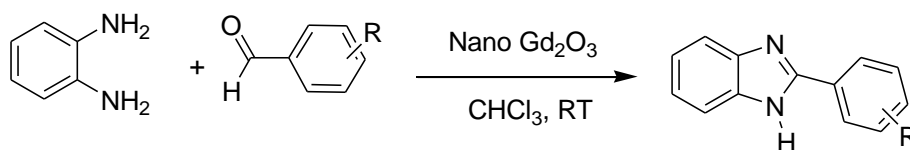
Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 611-620

Nano Gd₂O₃ is an effective catalyst for the synthesis of benzimidazole derivatives under mild conditionsSanjog G. Mumbaikar^a, Vishvanath D. Patil^{b*}, Vaishnav D. Gharat^c, Tulshidas S. Waghmare^d, Suraj A. Patil^e

Organic Chemistry Research Laboratory, Department Of Chemistry, C. K. Thakur A.C.S. New Panvel, Raigad, Maharashtra, INDIA

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Nano Gd₂O₃ catalyst was used to develop an efficient, green, and simple approach for synthesizing benzimidazole derivatives via the reaction of aldehyde with ortho phenyl diamine. This reusable Nano catalyst effectively catalysed the synthesis of benzimidazole derivatives. Chloroform solvent in reactions is used. It is environmentally benign, and multi-component. The reaction proceeded with room temperature in extremely short periods of time. The catalyst and some chosen derivatives were characterized using a variety of techniques, including IR, NMR, XRD, SEM and TEM.

R= H, Cl, NO₂, OH, OCH₃, etc.

REVIEWS

Review No.1

Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 621-638

Research advances in the aqueous phase synthesis of imidazoles/benzimidazoles

Yadavalli Venkata Durga Nageswar^{a,*}, Katla Ramesh^b, Katla Rakhi^c

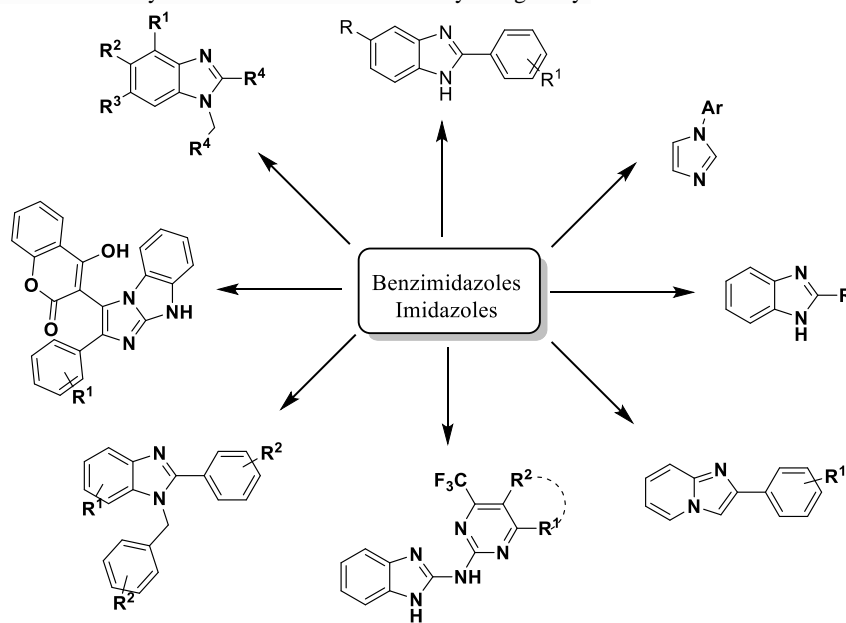
^{a,*}Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (IICT), Tarnaka, Hyderabad, Telangana, India,

^bResearch Scientist, School of Medicine, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA, USA.

^cOrganic Catalysis and Biocatalysis Laboratory-OCBL/FACET, Federal University of Grande Dourados-UFGD, Dourados/Itahum rod. km 12 s/n, 79804-970, Dourados, MS, Brazil.

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Among the heterocyclic systems imidazole and benzimidazole skeletons are widely distributed amid natural and medicinally relevant molecules such as alkaloids, purines, vitamins and drugs. Imidazole/benzimidazole derivatives played pivotal role in the development of organic chemistry in general, medicinal chemistry and heterocyclic chemistry in particular, over few decades. These scaffolds are used extensively in the design and development of pharmaceutically valuable molecules, and for the applications in biology as well as in material sciences. Even though many protocols have been reported for the synthesis of imidazoles/benzimidazoles, currently much importance is attached to the implementation of eco-friendly strategies. This review describes recent research reports on imidazole/benzimidazole derivatives synthesized in an environmentally benign way.





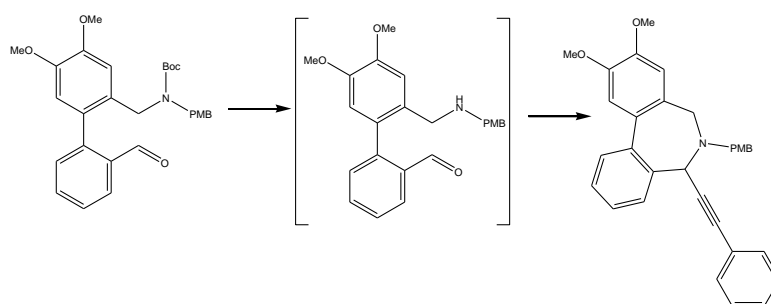
Review No.2

Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 639-648

Review on the microwave-assisted synthesis of some benzo and dibenzazepine derivatives

Rosas-Nexticapa Marcela, Alvarez-Ramirez Magdalena, Cauch-Carrillo Regina, Figueroa-Valverde Lauro,.

Laboratory of Pharmaco-Chemistry, Faculty of Chemical Biological Sciences, University Autonomous of Campeche, Av. Agustín Melgar s/n, Col Buenavista C.P. 24039 Campeche, Camp., México.



Review No.3

Heterocyclic Letters 15: iss.-3 (2025), 649-656

A review on the synthesis of hexacyclic derivatives using conventional and non-conventional methods

Rosas-Nexticapa Marcela, Alvarez-Ramirez Magdalena, Mateu-Armad Maria Virginia, Cauch-Carrillo Regina, Figueroa-Valverde Lauro

Laboratory of Pharmaco-Chemistry at the Faculty of Chemical Biological Sciences, University Autonomous of Campeche,

This review is reported a straightforward route for synthesis of some hexacyclic derivatives using conventional and non-conventional methods.

